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come all newly furnished.
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for refuelling the river previous
but for the night. It will be pre-
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RICHARD HOTEL,
 Orchard, Kentucky.
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 EVERY STABLE
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The State Convention.
At a meeting of the Kentucky Democratic Central Committee and the State Executive Committee, held in the city of Louisville, December 29, 1876, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a convention of the Democratic party of Kentucky is called to meet on Thursday, the 18th day of January, 1877, at 12 o'clock, M., in the city of Louisville, for the purpose of taking counsel upon the present critical state of public affairs.

The county committees are urged to call their meetings of the Democratic people of their several counties to appoint delegates to said convention, and, in order to insure a full attendance, they are requested to appoint one delegate for every one hundred votes, and one for every fraction over fifty votes cast for the Tilden and Hendricks electors at the last presidential election.

Resolved, That the Democratic papers in Kentucky be requested to publish the foregoing resolutions.

T. L. BURNETT,
Ch'n. Ky. Democratic Cent. Com.
J. WATTS KEARNEY, Sec'y.

Read this, Delinquent Sinners!

Refreshed by a week's holiday, we again make our appearance, on time, and with a profound bow, wish each and every one of our readers a happy and prosperous New Year. We wish we had something good to tell you about the political affairs of the country, but as yet the situation is but little changed—though there are some evidences that our skies are brightening. Our purpose, however, at this time, is to talk of a different subject, which, though not as absorbing as the National affairs, is of deep consequence to us. The fact is (degrading as the acknowledgment may be) we want MONEY. Our published terms are cash invariably in advance, but in the kindness of our heart of hearts, we have not adhered strictly to them. To you whom we have indulged, we now come for succor, and with tears in our eyes, beg you to forward the amount you have owed us so long. And if you do not desire the paper longer, have the goodness to order it stopped, else we will be under the painful necessity of doing it for you, and compelling by due course of law, a payment of your dues. We do not say this in an evil or vindictive spirit, but with a due respect and christian regard for the tender sensibilities of delinquent sinners. "A word to the wise is sufficient," and believing in the old proverb, we expect soon to receive so much money that we can lend a little out at the usual rate of percentage, with proper endorsement, &c. Recollect that we are poor, but honest, (when it don't pay to be otherwise) and send us your arrears at once.

During our recent pleasant visit to old Virginia, we conversed with a goodly number of the sovereigns, every one of whom was as firmly convinced that Tilden is a fairly elected President of the United States as we are that Radicalism is ruining the country. They are firm believers in the old Constitution, and demand that it be followed to the letter, and although they are sick of war, and horrors of which they suffered for four years, and from the effects of which they are still suffering, yet they are willing to "pledge their lives and sacred honor" to defend any right vouchsafed to them by the Constitution, if denied them by the thieving party in power. They greatly deplore the action of Gov. Wade Hampton, in writing to Hayes as he is, and from the lofty pinnacle that their imagination had placed him for his many manly actions and words during, and since the campaign, they were almost willing to consign him to the level of such men as old Ben Hill. A considerable difference exists between the Radicals of this State and those of Virginia. Here there are a few men, outside of the ignorant whites and negroes, who we believe, are honest in their convictions as Republicans, but in Virginia it is hard to find a white man "native and to the manner born," who is unprincipled enough to assume the unprincipled doctrine of the Radical party. In a word, your Virginia Radical is either a scoundrel, a carpet bagger, a low lived white or ignorant negro. The unsettled condition of the political affairs is seriously felt in every avenue of trade. Money is tight, and mules and other stock command a lower price than similar stock does here. The people are confident that a new era of trade will dawn with the inauguration of President Tilden, and to that end, all their prayers are united.

The Congressional investigating Committee sent to Florida, are thoroughly satisfied that the Democrats carried that State.

Two weeks have passed since we laid before our readers a synoptical account of the political situation. In the time intervening, nothing especially has developed to change the status of affairs so far as a settlement of the much and long vexed question of having a successor to Grant is concerned. Congress did not formally adjourn for the holidays, but they had as well done so as no quorum was present to transact business, and hence nothing has been done for ten days past worthy of note. There seemed to be a general desire upon the part of the members and the public to await the return of the various committees of investigation sent South to make reports, before any definite legislation is had. Meantime, the Joint Committees of the Senate and House, who were appointed to devise some suitable plan of counting the electoral vote, for President and Vice President, have been at work, but, so far, they have agreed upon nothing. There are great hopes entertained, however, that a plan will be formed which will meet the emergency and avert another war. Notwithstanding these pacific efforts, there are those who talk and seem to desire war, and say that if ever a free people had a just cause to rebel against usurpation and fraud, the Democrats have such a one. The House Committee sent to South Carolina believe that Hayes was elected President and Hampton Governor of that State, and such will be their report. Louisiana, Florida and South Carolina each has a pair of Governors—one Democrat and one Republican—in each State, and they have both assumed their proper functions after being duly and regularly inaugurated. Packard in the former State, being surrounded and protected by bayonets, and Nicholls, the Democratic governor, was formally inaugurated in St. Patrick's Hall in New Orleans. Each State has two Legislatures, both of which will proceed to make laws for the people. There is a fixedness of purpose upon the part of the Democrats in and out of office, to stand by their rights, looking to public sentiment everywhere to uphold them in their peaceful efforts to maintain the right against a set of rogues and usurpers. Governor Hampton, of South Carolina, had the bad taste and worse judgment to address a letter to Governor Hayes, of Ohio, looking to the possibility of that gentleman's being made President. In that letter he took occasion to abuse Mr. Hayes that was lovely and serene in South Carolina. The letter has a tone about it which is not in harmony with Governor Hampton's former utterances, and it were better that it had never been written. The Supreme Court of Florida issued a mandamus to the Canvassing Board of that State to recount the vote, and it was obeyed, but did not materially alter the result of the former count. Going back to Washington City, we find Grant working to have a new election for President in June next, and have the successful party inaugurated on the 4th of July. We are unprepared to inform our readers of the probable wishes of the political public on that subject. During the past few days many political meetings have been held in the various States of the West and North, and all over those States, by the Democrats, who will hold State conventions for the purpose of giving expression to their sentiments on the present situation.

Indiana and Illinois speak boldly and to the point. If we are to judge of their feelings by their utterances, then nothing short of absolute fairness in the electoral count by Congress will suffice to avert a civil war. A Kentuckian, we stand with them shoulder to shoulder. If our liberties are to be destroyed at one fell blow by unprincipled rogues and bullies, let us know it now. If, on the other hand, we intend to stand by the expressed will of a majority of the people by a popular vote, and a majority of the electoral vote, let there be a united voice, speaking as one man, demanding that a majority shall rule even though a conflict of arms becomes necessary to establish it.

The most horrible accident known in the annals of Railroad travel, occurred on the Lake Shore Railroad, near Ashtabula, Ohio, on the night of the 29th of December. The train known as the Pacific Express, drawn by two locomotives, and consisting of eleven cars, eight of which were passenger, broke through an iron bridge, and with the exception of the forward engine, the entire train was thrown a distance of 150 feet into the waters of the creek. There were some 180 passengers on board, more than a hundred of whom were instantly killed or burned to death by the burning of the parts of the cars not submerged in water. Of those remaining, nearly all were wounded, many of whom have since died. The weather was fearfully cold at the time, which added to a blinding snow storm, rendered the work of rescuing the wounded very slow work. The giving away of the bridge is supposed to have been caused by the action of the frost on it, its strength had been previously tested by the combined weight of six locomotives. Among the list of wounded, we notice the name of one Kenuckian, Walter S. Hayes, of Lexington. Mr. Biss and wife, of White and Bliss notoriety, were among those killed.

The New York Family Story Paper.
The New Year's number of which is before us, is a model of excellence and neatness. The stories are all fresh and original, and thus many other attractions combine to make it the best and most entertaining story paper published. In addition to this, each subscriber is furnished, free of charge, a complete addition of Shakespeare's works published in weekly parts, until the whole is sent. This attraction is alone worth double the subscription price \$3; and we would advise our readers to avail themselves of this extraordinary and liberal offer for obtaining these great works by remitting the amount of the subscription price to once, to N. L. Munro & Co., 74 Beekman street, New York.

We have been often importuned by the numberless admirers of Green Clay Smith, in Pulaski, to give the official figures of the popular vote for that gentleman for President. All the States have at last been heard from, and we are much gratified at the result, as the distinguished candidate received the unparalleled number of 6,679 votes. Electoral votes, 0. Necessary to a choice 185.

The Poet Laureate, of the Frankfort Yeoman, gets off the following apropos lines:

Sweet Soda Brown, my pretty one,
I sure you must remember,
If not for love, at least for fun,
The shagbush in December,
When all the ladies and all the beaux,
In spite of frosts, would go forth,
And squeeze, beneath the buffaloes,
Each other's hands, &c.

The long talked of match between James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald, and Miss May, has at last been broken off by mutual agreement. A big brother of Miss May, thinking that his sister had been badly treated, made an assault on Mr. Bennett, giving him a severe thrashing. Mr. Bennett was taken to his home in a fainting condition.

We are indeed sorry to note the fact that the "Home and School," an excellent educational monthly, has suspended. We had hoped that Messrs. Jno. P. Morton & Co., the publishers, would have found sufficient encouragement and patronage, to enable them to continue its publication. Its suspension is a real loss to the people of this and other States.

JUDGING from the manner in which the bridges and trestles along the Cincinnati Southern Railway have been built, we have no fears that such accidents will ever occur on that road, as occurred near Ashtabula, Ohio, recently, by reason of which so many lives were lost, and so many persons wounded.

The Daily Graphic, of New York, remarks in this wise: "Orton has no dispatches. He never has had any dispatches. He does not expect ever to have any dispatches. He never saw a dispatch. And he asks to the speaker of the House and Senator Morton with charming insouciance: 'What is this telegraph you speak of, gentlemen?'"

Rev. W. L. Breckinridge, a prominent Presbyterian divine, died at his residence in Fulton, Missouri, last week. He was for many years pastor of the first Presbyterian Church in Louisville, and subsequently, was a professor in the Theological Seminary at Danville. He was an uncle of Judge Breckinridge, of our Common Pleas Court.

Democratic Meeting.

At a meeting of the people of Lincoln county, held at the court house in Stanford, on the 1st day of January, 1877, to appoint delegates to the convention to be held in Louisville, Ky., on the 18th inst., the meeting was called to order by A. K. Benny.

On motion, T. W. Varmon was called to the chair and M. D. Hughes was appointed Secretary.

The chairman then explained the object of the meeting, and, on motion, the following gentlemen were appointed to draft resolutions: Stanford precinct—W. G. Welch, J. A. Harris, Hustonville—Wm. Lewis, M. T. Russell, T. Merville—T. B. Lucas, J. H. Bailey, Walnut Flat—J. S. Owsley, Wm. Abrams, Crab Orchard—W. G. Saunders, H. W. Farris, Wayneburg—W. D. Gough, Ellison Padgett, Highland—D. A. Bugh, John Young.

During the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by Col. T. P. Hill, who, in his usually eloquent manner, spoke of the present political issue.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hill's address the committee, by their chairman W. G. Welch, reported the following resolutions:

"The State Executive Committee of the Democratic party of Kentucky having called a convention to assemble in Louisville, on the 18th day of January, 1877, to take counsel in reference to the political situation—

1st Resolved by the Democracy of Lincoln county, in convention assembled, that said call is approved.

2nd. The Democracy of this county well apprised of the complications resulting from the late presidential contest, mindful of the cause thereof, and fully believing that Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks have been fairly elected to the presidency and vice presidency of the United States, and that a portion of the Republican party, consisting chiefly of office holders, have determined in opposition to the public will as expressed at the ballot box, and in violation of the constitution and laws thereunder made to count in Hayes and Wheeler, do declare that in their judgment the usurpation of Gov. Hayes as president, would be a subversion of our Republican form of government, and a destruction of the liberties of the people.

As a precedent for future guidance, it would result either in the establishment of a despotism or a chaotic form of government similar to that of Mexico in comparison with which a despotism would be preferable.

3rd. That all lawful resistance to any plan or scheme looking to or having in view the consummation of such result is commended to every citizen, and the hearty co-operation of the Democracy of this county is pledged to the defeat of all unlawful and revolutionary movements."

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and on motion, the following named gentlemen were appointed as delegates to the Louisville convention:

From Stanford—J. W. Aboern, John Reid, Jas. A. Harris, G. A. Lackey, A. K. Benny, Henry Baughman, T. P. Hill and Louis Duddar. Alternates—M. C. Saufley, W. G. Welch, James Paxton, M. D. Hughes, J. M. McRoberts, Mat Martin, Henry T. Harris, Wm. Lackey.

Crab Orchard—J. T. Tisdale, Walter Saunders. Alternates—Henry Farris, John Buchanan.

Hustonville—Wm. Lucas, Samuel Reid. Alternates—J. M. Cook, W. R. Jones.

Waynesburg—Lewis Gough, E. B. Caldwell, Jr. Alternates—Ellison Padgett, B. Canfield.

Turnersville—George Afford. Alternate—Dr. T. B. Lewis.

Walnut Flat—James Lynn. Alternate—J. S. Owsley.

Highland—John Young. Alternate—Duck Bugh.

On motion, all good Democrats in the county were appointed delegates to the convention, after which a motion was carried requesting the INTERIOR JOURNAL, the Danville Advocate and the Louisville Courier-Journal to publish the proceedings of the meeting.

On motion, the meeting then adjourned.

T. W. VARMON, Chairman.
M. D. HUGHES, Secretary.

Up Salt River.

DEAR SIR:—I see in your last issue an account of the origin of the expression "Up Salt River," giving the name of Col. Davy Crockett, a Congressman of Kentucky, as the author, which, with due respect, I ask leave to correct, not wishing to pluck even a small insect from the brow of the brave eccentric Crockett, neither have I any desire for newspaper notoriety. Col. Davy Crockett never lived in Kentucky, but was a member of Congress from Tennessee, and was a candidate for re-election but was defeated. He then went to Texas and was killed at the massacre of Alamo. The real author of the expression was Archibald Elliott, of Anderson county, Ky., a man full the peer of Crockett in eccentricity. It happened thus about fifty years ago. Elliott was a candidate for the Legislature, and was opposed by David White.

They met at a barbecue in the Salt River Valley at a place called Rolling Spring, on Hammonds Creek. Elliott was very popular in the Salt River portion of the county. The politics of the day were old court and new court growing out of an effort in the Legislature about the years 1825-6 to abolish the old Court of Appeals and organize a new one. In the course of debate on that occasion, White boasted that he would get a large majority in the north end of the county. Elliott responded in a loud voice: "But I'll roll you up Salt River," which caused a great shout among the listeners, and thus the term passed into common use denoting political defeat.

The writer of this was a small fry at the time, was present and distinctly recollects the whole occurrence. T. W. W. LIBERTY, KY., Dec. 29, 1876.

DOMESTIC ITEMS.

Edited by Campbell & Miller.

THE OLD AND NEW.—The wise man gathers wisdom from retrospection, but the otherwise fellow either idly continues his waiting for "something to turn up," or invidiously follows the "prophetic fancies of delusive hope." From the present, retrospection is more profitable than the most sanguine predictions of what the future has in store for us. The business operations of the past year were characterized by the most rigid economy, caution, and narrow margins—the clock system in buying and selling generally observed at least for the main part of the year. Prices upon all domestic productions gradually declined until the very "bottom" was reached in everything not controlled by the most formidable combinations. While, up to two months ago, few enterprises could be termed profitable or flourishing, confidence and stability characterized the business of the country; and all entertained bright anticipations of better times for the new year, and these anticipations were sensibly based upon peaceable home government, the large increase of exports, and the reaction which had to follow years of business adversity. Business men everywhere felt willing and able to count the past few years of "hard times" as naught, and begin the new century with fresh vigor and strength sufficient to insure an era of business life and general prosperity. But alas! there came a "hitch in the political machinery of the country," and all hands had to stop work and turn their attention to the unprofitable but important matter of saving the government from the encroachments of partisan conspirators. During the past two months, business of the country has almost suspended, and what is to be the result to the business interests, no one can safely predict. So far, the effect of political complication in a national aspect, is to weaken confidence and prevent many new and important enterprises from coming to life. The increasing foreign demand for the staples of life has caused a late material advance in prices on those articles of trade, but this advance, at this time, only fits the few, while the great mass of business men, groan, and impatiently wait, that eternal revival of which all have dreamed, and which can never come till the man, the people, by their ballot, elected to the Presidency, shall have been inaugurated in peace. Let the man who labored hard the past year and now counts his profits in nickels retrospection, and the "blue" is the result. Let the individual who ran on the train of debt and misadventure, retrospection, and he can yet repent of his folly in time to adopt the only safe course—"Pay as you go—and, if possible, pay out of debt before you go."

Five chamber sets..... \$3.00
Nice spice casket, filled..... 1.00
Elegant bird cage..... 2.00
Warranted farm bell..... 7.00
Wire grille screen..... 1.00
Very fine riding bridle..... 2.00
Fair hand saw..... 1.00
Set of bench planes..... 2.00
Ballroom, Lancers..... 50
Box of layer rabs..... 1.00

Box of layer rabs..... 1.00
Pair of 3-4 pound soles..... 2.00
Box of fine cigars..... 2.00
Box of turkish bath soap..... 2.00
Handsome clothes hamper..... 4.00
1 doz. Shaker brooms..... 2.75
Brace and 6 bits..... 2.50
Fine pocket knife..... 1.00
Good riding bridle..... 1.25
Fine buggy whip..... 1.00
Wire clothes line..... 90

Some of our beloved patrons have overdrawn their produce accounts with us a little; and we now notify all that their accounts are ready for settlement. All balances on our books must be closed by the 1st of January, "at all hazards."

We will handle, the coming season Meikle's celebrated plow, and ask in time that our patrons who will need plows, will examine these before purchasing.

We have now in stock a big lot of plow handles, plow beams, mould boards, lay steel, clevises, etc., at low figures.

A few more Winter gloves left. Offered regardless of cost.

We fill, carefully, and at the lowest figures, all cash orders sent us from adjoining towns for goods in our line, and prepay expressage on light articles. If you see anything in this column that your own merchants do not keep, send us an order, if you want it, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

We are constantly adding to our now already large stock of iron and woodwork, blacksmith's supplies etc., and urgently invite an examination. Warehouse in basement of Vansard's brick.

A nice Ten Canister and one pound of prime Green Tea, for one dollar.

New stock of fancy candies, nuts, fruits, and sweetmeats generally.

We take especial care to keep our stock of Fancy Groceries complete and fresh.

Fresh pickles, chow-chow, mustard, salad dressing, celery salt, flavoring extracts, nutmeg, spices, raisins, currants, citrons, etc., at regular grocery margins.

Fresh Baker's Chocolate, Cox's Gelatine, Royal Macaroni, Cornstarch, Swiss & Salt Dressing, Orange Corn Starch, National A. Cream Tartar, Lemon Sugar, etc., received lately.

The attention of blacksmiths is called to our new horse shoe, the STOCK. Price per box, \$4.00. It is a perfect nail, and of uniform size.

Blacksmiths will do well to get our prices on Iron, Steel, Nails, Saws, Saw Muds, Bolts, Ropes, etc.

Fourteen bushels of Irish potatoes will buy a farm bell.

Our farm bells are fully warranted for one year.

A large and comprehensive Stock of Briddles, Collars, Lanes, Curls and Buck Straps, Headstalls, Reins, Snaps, belt Waps, etc., all offered cheaper than ever.

A beautiful Stock of Jayanned Chamber Sets, etc., from \$2.50 to \$4.00.

Buggy Wheels from \$9 to \$12 a set; Buggy Seats from 75 cents to \$1.00 per pair. The Largest Stock of Iron, Shoes, Nails, etc., ever brought to Stanford.

OUR TWO CENT SOAP.
Recipe.—Put into an iron kettle five gallons of soft water, to this add five pounds of Pure Soda Ash, and three pounds of unslacked lime; boil the mixture three quarters of an hour; then dip out into a tub, skimming the top, and let it sit until it settles (the lye will rise quite clear), then dip it off and put into your kettle; to this add three gallons of refined grease, measured and boil from two to three hours. It is sold or rich grease is used, add one fourth less. You may try it by dropping a little in a saucer, and if hard, it is done. You may then pour it into a tub, let it remain until next day, then cut in bars to suit yourself.

Box of layer rabs..... 1.00
Pair of 3-4 pound soles..... 2.00
Box of fine cigars..... 2.00
Box of turkish bath soap..... 2.00
Handsome clothes hamper..... 4.00
1 doz. Shaker brooms..... 2.75
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
G. A. C. ROCHSTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STANFORD, KY.
Office on 2d floor of McRoberts' Building, LAM, CASTER STREET, 202-117

NOTICE.
Having dissolved partnership, we ask a prompt settlement of all Accounts and Notes due us. We are very much in need of Money.

OWSLEY & HOPPER.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
BE IT KNOWN that we, the undersigned, Jno. H. West, and M. J. West, have, this day, filed their petition in the Lincoln Court of Common Pleas, the object of which is to have the Judge of said court to render a judgment, empowering the said M. J. West to sue, enjoy, sell and convey, for his own benefit, any property he may own or acquire, free from the claims or debts of his husband, to make contracts, sue and be sued as a single woman; to trade in her own name, and to dispose of her property by will or deed. The said application will be made upon the 25th day of January, 1877, to the Judge of said Court, at the Court House, in Stanford, Ky.

JNO. H. WEST,
M. J. WEST.

Lincoln Court Common Pleas

Alexander Hicks, and Ellen Hicks, } In Equity,
his wife, ex parte Plaintiff.

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern, that Alexander Hicks and Ellen Hicks, his wife, as parties plaintiffs, have this day filed in the clerk's office of the Lincoln Court of Common Pleas, their joint petition, praying that said court may empower the said Ellen Hicks to sue, enjoy, sell and convey, for her own benefit, any property she may own or acquire, free from the claims or debts of her husband, to make contracts, sue and be sued as a single woman; to trade in her own name, and to dispose of her property by will or deed. Given under my hand and clerk of said court this 26th day of Dec. inst., 1876.

D. B. EDMISTON, clerk.

STANFORD & SOMERSET STAGES.

On and after the 1st of July next I will have control of and run both lines of Coaches between Stanford and Somerset. Thankful for past liberal Patronage, I hope to receive it again in the future. Comfortable Coaches, good horses, and careful drivers have been provided.

B. F. CAMDEB.

JOHN H. CRAIG,

MAIN STREET, STANFORD, KY.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS

AND MILLINERY GOODS.

Miss Lucy Butterfield from Louisville, has returned, and offers to the Trade of Lincoln and adjoining Counties, a large Stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods of her own selection, for the Fall and Winter Trade.

TERMS CASH.

Pay Cash for Goods, and save the Large Profits that you must pay, when buying on time, in order to

COVER INTEREST AND BAD DEBTS.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

N. B. TEVIS

is now receiving the

LARGEST AND MOST

COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET—CONSISTING OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,
GENTS' WHITE SHIRTS A SPECIALTY.

Hosiery, Supenders, Gloves, Underwear, Scarfs,
Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Linen and Paper Collars, &c.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes,
Gum Shoes, Gum Overcoats, Umbrellas,
Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, &c. &c.

He Invites Especial Attention to his Stock of Ladies' Gents' and Misses' BOOTS AND SHOES.

ALL GOODS DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS.

AND WILL BE SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH.

N. B. Tevis' "Cash Clothing House,"

NORTH SIDE MAIN STREET, STANFORD, KY.

JOHN H. CRAIG,

MAIN STREET, STANFORD, KY.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS,

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AND MILLINERY GOODS.

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Pay Cash for Goods, and save the Large Profits that you must pay, when buying on time, in order to

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READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,
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Hosiery, Supenders, Gloves, Underwear, Scarfs,
Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Linen and Paper Collars, &c.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes,
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204-177

WHAT ONLY GEORGE FOUND

BY HENRY TRACY.

Grandfather's house in the city was merry with the sound of romping feet and laughter and noisy prattle, for it was Christmas, and there were Christmas doings there. Under that hospitable roof the whole of a numerous family was gathered, children and children's children to the fourth generation, and the old and young on equal terms, and in the order of the day.

On the morning before Christmas, when the elders had retired to various occupations, and the little ones to their games, Grace and Adelaide still lingered at the breakfast table discussing their morning plans, while handsome Cousin George, a cousin only in name, lounged by the window in a velvet smoking-jacket, his splendid head enveloped in the curling wreath he drew from his cigar, and his furtive glances bent upon the two pretty faces so close together and so full of girlish eagerness and interest.

There was a very charming by-play of youthful gallantry and coquetry going on between these three, but not one of the wise heads in the house could determine which of the two girls was George's favorite, or what his chances would be with either. Grace thought she knew, and, perhaps, she did.

Modest little Grace, plain though she felt herself to be, and contrived and old-fashioned in her ways, felt also that she, in her simple, pink gingham or her brown delaine, as the case might be, was pleasant to dashing George's eyes than Adelaide with all her brilliant brunette beauty, enhanced though it was by creamy cashmere and jewel-tinted silks; and that gave her courage to ask, with a shy smile, if he would hang his stockings on the morrow.

The hanging of the stockings before the broad kitchen-fireplace was a Christmas Eve ceremony that had never been omitted in the old-fashioned household, and now a prosperous man of fifty, had toddled across the hearth for a rattle and a cornucopia on the first Christmas of his life, but it was plain she did not. It was mere vanity on her part, and this last memento, shabby, trick beyond forgiveness.

She was angry with George for suspecting her, as he evidently did; yet he was not to blame, dear fellow! If she had only known what was going on sooner! She thought of a hundred things she could have said to make all right, but now the time was past.

What a sweet happiness Adelaide had destroyed, all for an idle flirtation! Grace meditated day and night how to end the quarrel—how to restore the friendship that had been broken. But what was she to do in the country house? George, thinking she had insulted him, would not come near her. And, if she wrote, what could she say? There had been no promise between them, and, if he chose to transfer his affections to Adelaide, she really had no right to interfere.

If he betrayed her knowledge of what had happened, he would have double reason to suspect her. If he really had ceased to love her, she was too proud to seem to wish him back. Altogether, it was a great dilemma and intolerable.

So the year passed, and Grace grew cynical and morose. She was sure of a hundred disagreeable things—sure that if she were an heiress like Adelaide, George would not have taken her offense for granted so readily—sure that constancy was a thing of the past—sure that female friendship had no existence.

George and Adelaide were much together. She learned through other cousins, and when December came again, neither of them had been near her, nor written even a line. The poor girl longed to refuse grandpa's invitation; but pride prevailed, and perhaps a wish to see George again.

It was just as she had anticipated. Those two together, always together, distant to her, and friendly with each other; and nursing her pride and wrath, Grace almost forgot George's real attitude in the affair, and wished herself at home sincerely.

Accident had thrown the two girls together in a room where the children were playing, when a pertinent question arose among the group—a question that made Grace and Adelaide each look up from an unbecoming book, which had been used merely to cover the awkwardness of the situation.

"Do you know what Cousin George found in his stocking last Christmas?" asked Frankie, in high glee.

"What?" cried a chorus of little voices.

"A red mitten," piped Frankie. Adelaide's face turned crimson, and Grace caught her guilty eyes as she hurried from the room, dragging the little boy by the hand.

Grace hurried out herself, to hide her tears, and once alone in the great easy chair in the library, all the pent-up trouble of the past year burst forth, and she fell to sobbing bitterly.

It was of no use now, for George was entirely weaned from her; but she felt it her duty to free herself from the vile suspicion which had been fastened upon her.

In time, and there was fun and frolic and uproarious laughter that would have produced headache and fainting any other day in the year, until the hand of the tall clock pointed warningly to midnight; but through it all, Grace was troubled with an uneasy sensation, for her unfulfilled promise haunted her.

Something had come between George and his country cousin. The old folks were sure that Adelaide was George's favorite, and Grace who thought she carried herself bravely, was very wretched.

It could not be that George would resent her neglect of him, indeed; but certainly the coolness dated from Christmas morning, when he, disemboweling a monstrosity of a white sock, had stopped short in the midst of his hilarious fun, and walked out of the room with a face as red as a pippin.

From that moment grandfather's delight over his backgammon board and Frankie's over his velocipede, were alike indifferent to her; so were the mild praises bestowed upon her Matinee crosses in hand work, or the delicate praisings bestowed upon her blue and gold Tennyson of George's own bestowal.

Not a word did he have for her all that miserable holiday time, but whispered and danced and walked with Adelaide instead. Only when they were parting, he drew himself up stiffly, and said:

"I forgot to thank you for your little present, Grace—a quite unnecessary one, however."

"Sarcasitic," thought Grace; but she puzzled over the words all the way home.

Unnecessary! Could it be that George had received something he supposed to be from her? A forged letter, a—

Grace suddenly remembered a little conversation at the breakfast table the day before Christmas, and how Adelaide had blushed after her suggestion, and then it rushed upon her that Frankie's red mitten had been lost on Christmas day.

She saw it all. Who had profited by their quarrel? Who had angled for George's attentions? Who had been so cold and distant as soon as she occurred her triumph?

Grace thought that she could have forgiven all this treachery better, if Adelaide had really liked George; but it was plain she did not. It was mere vanity on her part, and this last memento, shabby, trick beyond forgiveness.

She was angry with George for suspecting her, as he evidently did; yet he was not to blame, dear fellow! If she had only known what was going on sooner! She thought of a hundred things she could have said to make all right, but now the time was past.

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It was of no use now, for George was entirely weaned from her; but she felt it her duty to free herself from the vile suspicion which had been fastened upon her.

The Christmas Eve was a grand get-together.

To have offered George "the mitten," when she wouldn't for the world have had him know that she understood his delicate attention! It was very, very dreadful! It was tragic, for did not the whole happiness of her life hang upon that one misunderstanding?

Under other circumstances the trick might have passed for an ill joke; but Adelaide was deep in their confidence, and had known what weight such a trifle would have with George at such a moment. Oh, wicked, wicked girl! She should be denounced before her wedding, for it was sure to come to that, wicked girl!

Grace uttered the words aloud, and then she was aware that some one was stirring in the room close beside her, and raised her eyes, all ready with weeping, to see her enemy standing, triumphant in her distress. On second thought, it did not look much like triumph, for Adelaide was pale and trembling, and her lip quivered.

"Oh, Grace!" she cried out, catching at her cousin's hand, "I am so very, very sorry!"

"It is too late now," said Grace, rising to leave. "It is of very little consequence."

She tried to pull her dress away from the eager grasp that held her. "You must hear me, Grace, dear Grace! It is of consequence. I thought—George thought that you had—Oh, dear! How could we! But Frankie put the mitten in George's stocking, and the little mischief would not own that he had done it—and George is so unhappy. Kiss me, Grace, darling! And—and you do love George, a little?"

"Better than my life!" cried Grace, with a fresh burst of tears. "I've been the most miserable wretch!"

And George, having heard the confession, stepped forward and put his arms about her waist, while Adelaide, only stopping for one consoling embrace, left the lovers to each other.

"Shall I hang my stocking for that mither this Christmas?" asked George; but Grace gave him instead, a promise of life long love and confidence, unbroken constancy and faith; things that no stocking on earth—perhaps no pair of stockings—was ever wide enough or deep enough to hold.

The letter of our Washington correspondent, who reports in another column today that the conspiracy to oust in Hayes is weakening, and that the scheme will be met by Republicans in the Senate with resistance sufficient to overcome it, will be read with satisfaction by honest, intelligent men of all political parties.

Our correspondent says that there is reason to believe that Mr. Cokling will in due time take decided ground against the consummation of this electioneering project, and that he will be supported by a number of Republican Senators large enough to break down the undertaking. He gives the names of the Senators who, as he thinks, may be counted on to make a stand in behalf of law, justice, and public order in this unparalleled case, and not the least among these names is that of James G. Blaine. We trust the event may prove that our correspondent is not mistaken. It would be a most wholesome thing if so great and so dangerous a conspiracy should be defeated by the force of public opinion, and by the patriotism of public men breaking over party ties and party dictation.

Yet there can be no question that considerations of mere party policy alone, such as Mr. G. W. Curtis has propounded, might to overthrow and annul such a plot. If the Republican party should not succeed, against every hindrance, in declaring Mr. Hayes elected President, it would gain nothing but an enormous accumulation of present embarrassments, with the certainty of being utterly wiped out of existence as soon as the people could get a chance to vote on the question. On the other hand, by allowing the will of the people to take effect in the inauguration of President Tilden, the Republicans would still have the hope and chance of restoration in the future, while in the present they would constitute a powerful opposition capable of retaining its strength, and availing of opportunities to regain power. In fine, honesty is the best policy, even in a closely contested national election.

Our correspondent brings cheering news; but we must not be too confident. Let memorials for an honest count be poured in to Congress, and they may do much for the safety of the country.

A taper got so much on his stomach the other day that the organ repelled the load. As he leaned against a lamp-post vomiting, a little dog happened to stop by him, whereupon he indulged in this soliloquy: "Well, now, here is a conundrum. I know where I ate the baked beans, I remember where I ate that lobster, and recollect where I got that rum, but I'm hanged if I can recall where I ate that little yaller dog."

It wasn't a bad bit, the other day, when some one said, "In 1776 we went to war on account of the stamp act, and got the nigger; in 1861 we went to war about the nigger, and got the stamp-act."

SIMMONS'
LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady. It is caused by a diseased liver, and is characterized by a yellowish tint to the face, a feeling of fullness and heaviness in the stomach, and a general debility of the system. It is cured by the use of Simmons' Liver Regulator, which is a purely vegetable preparation, and does not injure the stomach. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only reliable remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIVER
Extract of a letter from Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, dated March 5, 1872: "I occasionally use, when my condition requires it, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is a most valuable and reliable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with liver disease. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only reliable remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa."

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AN EFFICACIOUS REMEDY
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10 PER CENT. INTEREST!
Money is in demand here at this our best rate of interest. We loan only on first mortgage and perfect title on improved real estate, and not on second mortgage. Apply to J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

READY FOR AGENTS—THE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION!
Described as a D. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

CAUTION
Do not be deceived by cheap imitations. The only reliable remedy for liver disease is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only reliable remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa."

WANTED
To sell to Merchants. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is a most valuable and reliable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with liver disease. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only reliable remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa."

The Little Rock and Fort Smith RAILWAY
FOR SALE
Three thousand two hundred and fifty dollars worth of newspaper advertising, at publisher's price, for \$750.00. The Little Rock and Fort Smith Railway. It is a most valuable and reliable remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with liver disease. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only reliable remedy for this disease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. H. Mott, 101 N. 1st St., Philadelphia, Pa."

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